Background information

- CoCs/licenses for high burn-up fuel storage to be renewed over next few years
 - 2012 Prairie Island-TN-40HT, Calvert Cliffs-NUHOMS1
 - 2015 Transnuclear-NUHOMS 1004
 - 2020 NAC-UMS: Holtec-Hi-STORM
- Storage of high burn-up fuel is relatively recent
 - 9 years Maine Yankee² (since 2003) up to 49.5 GWd/MTU
 - 7 years Robinson (since 2005) up to 56.9 GWd/MTU
 - 6 years Oconee (since 2006) up to 55 GWd/MTU
 - <4 years for most up to 53.8 GWd/MTU</p>
- ~ 200 loaded-casks contain high burn-up fuel
- Most fuel in pools for future loading is high burn-up



NEI 1) Since 1992, allowable burn-up to 47 GWd/MTU, since 2010, up to 52 GWd/MTU 2) All high burn-up fuel is in damaged fuel cans

Cask Storage of High Burn-up Fuel **Industry Perspective**

Marc Nichol NRC Public Meeting July 25, 2012

